

A.C. Mains Power Valve



RATING.

Filament Voltage		 210	4.0
Filament Amps. (approx.)		 1.0	
Maximum Anode Voltage		 200	
Maximum Anode Current (mA)		 25	
*Mutual A.C. Conductance (mA/Vo	olt)	 3.75	
*Amplification Factor		 10	
*Anode A.C. Resistance (ohms)		 2,650	
* at $Ea = 100$; $Eg = 0$.			

DIMENSIONS.

Maximum overall length (including pins) 122 m.m. Maximum diameter

PRICE 17/6 15/ 14/-

GENERAL.

The Mazda AC/P Valve is an indirectly-heated valve of extreme sensitivity, capable of delivering a high power output without distortion. It has been primarily designed for use in the last stage of receivers operating from alternating current electric light mains through a stepdown transformer. The cap on this valve is provided with five pins; the centre pin is connected to the cathode, whilst the two normal filament pins are connected to the heater. As the pins are solid a valve holder with resilient sockets must be employed.

must be employed. The windings of the filament transformer supplying 4 volts to the heater should be so designed that this voltage never varies more than \pm 5% under working conditions.

APPLICATION.

Low-Frequency Amplifier.

The AC/P may be used as an L.F. amplifier with either transformer or choke coupling when it is desired to supply a high power output valve requiring a large grid swing.



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Output Valve.

Owing to its very high amplification factor, coupled with a very high mutual conductance, the valve may be used directly after the detector valve. It is capable of delivering a large volume of sound with a cone speaker and has adequate output for moving-coil speakers.

The AC/P may also be used as a detector either with cumulative-grid or anode-bend rectification.

GRID BIAS.

Unless the valve is used as cumulative-grid detector, grid bias must always be used. This grid bias may be obtained either by the semi-automatic or self-biasing system. The table below may be used as a rough guide when selecting the bias required.

Anode Volts	 100	125	150	200
Grid Bias as Amplifier	 -6	-7.5	−9 to −12	-15
Grid Bias as Anode-Bend Detector	 -9	_		_

The anode current must never be allowed to exceed 25 mA. When using the AC/P with resistance-capacity coupling the resistance in the grid circuit should not exceed $\frac{1}{2}$ megohm.





