

## OUTPUT PENTODE

Output pentode primarily intended for use as line time base output valve in A.C. television receivers.

# EL38 EL38M

### HEATER

$V_h$	6.3	V
$I_h$	1.4	A

### CAPACITANCES

	EL38M	EL38	
$C_{in}$	18	18	$\mu\mu F$
$C_{out}$	9.5	6.5	$\mu\mu F$
$C_{a-gl}$	<1.0	<1.2	$\mu\mu F$

### CHARACTERISTICS

$V_a$	275	V
$V_{g2}$	275	V
$I_a$	91	mA
$I_{g2}$	11	mA
$V_{gl}$	-9	V
$g_m$	14	mA/V
$\mu_{gl-g2}$	16.5	
$r_a$	20,000	$\Omega$

### OPERATION AS LINE OUTPUT PENTODE

#### Circuit Design

To allow for valve spread and for deterioration during life the line output stage should be designed around the following value of peak anode current:—

$V_a$	90	V
$V_{g2}$	275	V
$I_a$ (pk)	150	mA

For the average new valve the following figures will apply:—

$V_a$	90	V
$V_{g2}$	275	V
$V_{gl}$	-1	V
$I_a$ (pk)	225	mA

#### Typical Circuit (See circuit on page 3)

$V_b$	300	V
For EL38 $I_a$	64	mA
$I_{g2}$	18	mA
$R_k$	120	$\Omega$
For EBC33 $I_a$	0.8	mA

N.B.—Above figures measured under synchronised conditions.

### LIMITING VALUES

$V_a$ (b) max.	1,200	V
$V_a$ max.	800	V
$V_a$ (pk) max.	8,000	V
$V_{g2}$ (b) max.	800	V
$V_{g2}$ max.	400	V
$p_a$ max.	25	W
$p_{g2}$ max.	8	W
$I_k$ max.	200	mA
$V_{gl}$ max. ( $I_{gl} = +0.3 \mu A$ )	1.3	V
$R_{gl-k}$ max. ( $p_a < 25W$ )	0.5	M $\Omega$
$R_{gl-k}$ max. ( $p_a < 9W$ )	0.8	M $\Omega$
$V_{h-k}$ max.	100	V
$R_{h-k}$ max.	20,000	$\Omega$



# EL38 EL38M

## OUTPUT PENTODE

Output pentode primarily intended for use as line time base output valve in A.C. television receivers.

### CIRCUIT VALUES (see circuit on page 3)

Resistors	Value	Wattage	Tolerance
R <sub>1</sub>	47 K Ω	½ W	20%
R <sub>2</sub>	330 K Ω	½ W	10%
R <sub>3</sub>	50 K Ω	1 W	Potentiometer
R <sub>4</sub>	680 Ω	½ W	10%
R <sub>5</sub>	820 K Ω	½ W	20%
R <sub>6</sub>	120 Ω	1 W	20%
R <sub>7</sub>	500 Ω	4 W	Potentiometer
R <sub>8</sub>	2.2 K Ω	½ W	20%
R <sub>9</sub>	2.5 K Ω	4 W	Potentiometer
R <sub>10</sub>	2.7 K Ω	4 W	20%
R <sub>11</sub>	100 Ω	½ W	20%

Capacitors	Value	Tolerance	Wkg. Voltage
C <sub>1</sub>	0.1 μF	20%	350 V
C <sub>2</sub>	0.0022 μF	20%	350 V
C <sub>3</sub>	0.01 μF	10%	350 V
C <sub>4</sub>	0.001 μF	10%	350 V
C <sub>5</sub>	0.004-0.006 μF	—	500 V

### Transformers

- T1 Ratio 1 : 3 (step-up into grid circuit)  
T2 Ratio 4 : 1 primary inductance < 1 H

### Deflector Coils

Resistance 13 Ω  
Inductance 6.5 mH

To provide full scan for 9" picture tube (V<sub>a</sub>=7KV) with peak to peak current swing of 500 mA.

### Notes

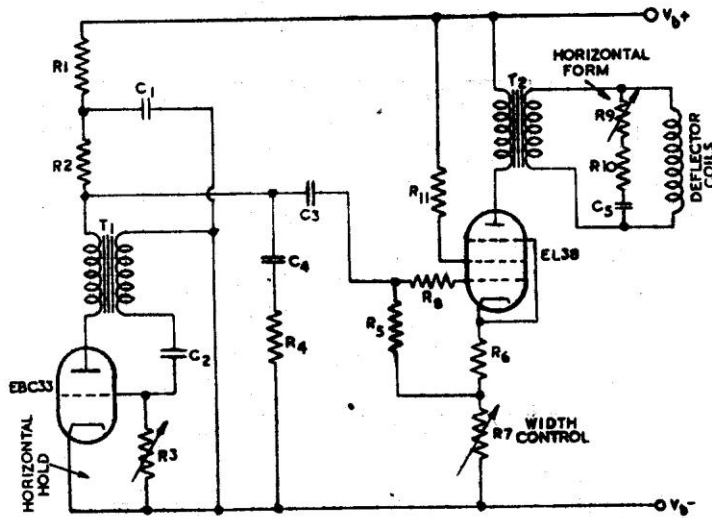
- (I) Synchronising pulses may be applied negatively to the anode or positively to the grid of the EBC33.
- (II) The decoupling components (R<sub>1</sub> C<sub>1</sub>) in the anode circuit of the EBC33 are necessary only if there is ripple on the H.T. line.
- (III) All potentiometers should be linear components to provide smooth control.



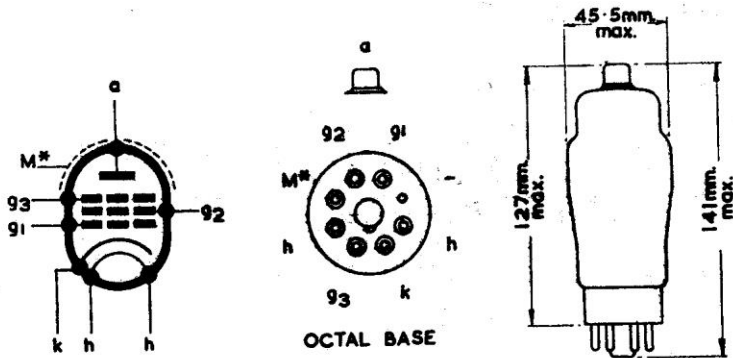
# OUTPUT PENTODE

Output pentode primarily intended for use as line time base output valve in A.C. television receivers.

# EL38 EL38M



LINE TIME BASE CIRCUIT



\* External metallizing on type EL38M only.

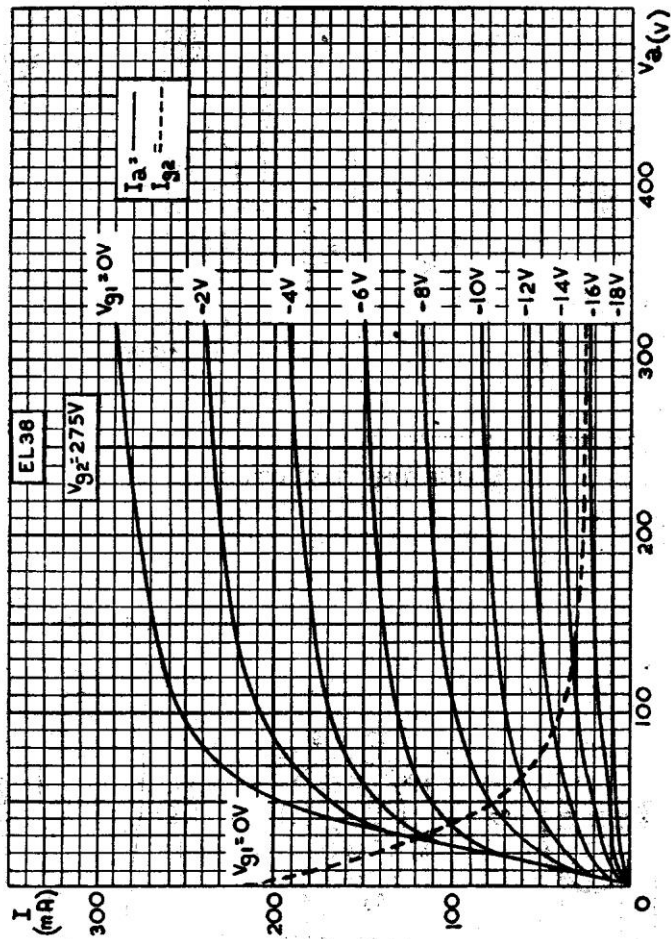
732



# EL38 EL38M

## OUTPUT PENTODE

Output pentode primarily intended for use as line time base output valve in A.C. television receivers.



ANODE CURRENT AND SCREEN GRID CURRENT PLOTTED AGAINST ANODE VOLTAGE WITH CONTROL GRID VOLTAGE AS PARAMETER

